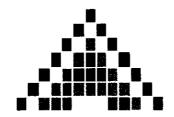


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Amalgamated Investments SICAV p.l.c.

Annual Report & Financial Statements - 31 October 2016

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Report of the Directors

The Directors present their Annual Report and the Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31 October 2016.

Principal Activities

Amalgamated Investments SICAV p.l.c. is organised under the laws of Malta as a multi-fund investment company with variable share capital (SICAV) pursuant to the Companies' Act, 1995. The Company was registered on the 5 August 2000 with registration number SV13 and consists of one fund, the Amalgamated Growth & Income Fund. On 1 July 2007, the Company was re-licensed as a Professional Investor Fund targeting Experienced Investors and on 18 November 2013, the Company was re-licensed as a Professional Investor Fund targeting Qualifying Investors. Amalgamated Investments SICAV plc qualifies as a de minimis self-managed scheme pursuant to Article 3 of Directive 2011/61/EU. The Company has no employees.

Review of Business

In the face of the uncertainties still conditioning the investment climate, the Fund has continued to adopt a low marketing profile in the current year. 258,274 (2015: Nil) shares were created in 2016. There were no redemptions in 2016 and 2015.

As dividend income is substantially distributed, movements in the total of shareholders' funds as at each year end reflect substantially the market price movements of the Company's underlying investments as between the start and end of the relevant periods. Accordingly, the total value of shareholder funds on 31 October 2016 at €63,720,159 represents an increase of 3.33% over the total shareholder funds at 31 October 2015 which stood at €61,665,348.

Dividend income decreased from €3,200,461 in 2015 to €2,651,193 in 2016. This decrease was mainly attributable to the one-off scrip dividend of €926,000 received in 2015 from one of the company's main underlying investments.

Future dividend income flows remain dependent on the performance of the Company's underlying investments and are accordingly expected to reflect the lower dividend distributions that are likely to occur in the case of the Company's major shareholdings in the two major banks which are facing regulatory pressures to moderate dividend distributions. Given the long term perspective outlined in the Fund's investment objectives, it is still considered that a hold strategy for the local large cap investments that represent the bulk of the Fund's portfolio remains the best option for the Fund with a view to continuing to outperform the MSE index over time.

Compliance with Standard Licence Conditions

During the period under review, no regulatory sanctions were imposed on the Company

Results and Dividends

The results for the period under review can be found in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. The Directors have on 31 December 2015, 6 June 2016 and 22 September 2016 declared interim net dividends of €500,000, €730,000 and €449,991 respectively which have been paid, and do not recommend a payment of a further dividend.

Report of the Directors (ctd)

Directors

The Directors of the Company who held office during the year under review were:

Professor Emanuel P Delia B.A (Hons) Econ, M.A., M.Litt (Oxon)

Mr. Joseph C Caruana ACIB

Mr. Charles J. Farrugia

In accordance with article 22.5 (vi) of the Company's Articles of Association, the office of the Directors shall be vacated by the Directors at the closure of the annual general meeting next following their appointment or at the end of the calendar year during which such annual general meeting should have been held, whichever is the earlier. The Directors are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.

Statement of Directors' Responsibilities for the financial statements

The directors are required by the Companies Act, 1995 to prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial period and of the profit or loss for that period.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for:

- ensuring that the financial statements have been drawn up in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU;
- selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies;
- making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances;
- ensuring that the financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business as a going concern.

The directors are also responsible for designing, implementing and maintaining internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and that comply with the Companies Act, 1995. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution for their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

Prof. E P. Delia Chairman

14 February 2017

Mr. C. J. Farrugia Director



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of the Amalgamated Investments SICAV p.I c.

Report on the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 October 2016

We have audited the financial statements of Amalgamated Investments SICAV p I c. on pages 6 to 20 which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 October 2016 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Statements

As explained more comprehensively in the Statement of directors' responsibilities for the financial statements on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU and the requirements of the Maltese Companies Act, 1995, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 31 October 2016, and of its
 financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with IFRSs as adopted
 by the EU, and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Maltese Companies Act, 1995



Independent Auditor's Report - continued

To the Shareholders of the Amalgamated Investments SICAV p.l.c.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements for the year ended 31 October 2016

We also have responsibilities under the Maltese Companies Act, 1995 to report to you if, in our opinion

- The information given in the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements.
- Adequate accounting records have not been kept, or that returns adequate for our audit have not been
 received from branches not visited by us.
- The financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns
- We have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit
- Certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made in the financial statements, giving the required particulars in our report

We have nothing to report to you in respect of these responsibilities

PricewaterhouseCoopers 78, Mill Street Qormi QRM 3101

Malta

Partner

14 February 2017

Financial Statements

Statement of Financial Position

as at

	Notes	31.10.2016 €	31 10 2015 €
Assets		_	· ·
Current assets Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Loan receivable	3(a) 3(b)	61,180,125 1,600,000	58,7 4 7,146
Accrued ncome	3(b)	3,608	618,808
Other debtors and prepayments Cash and cash equivalents	4 14	2,679	2,096
·	14	989,183	2,388,147
Total assets		63,775,595	61,756,197
Equity			
Capital and reserves attributable to equity holders of the fund			
Share capital	6	50,686,576	50,002,422
Equalisation reserve	7	253,071	243,242
Retained earnings		12,780,512	11,419,684
Total equity		63,720,159	61,665,348
Liabilities Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	3(a)	1,769	46,871
Accrued expenses	5	53,667	43,978
Total liabilities		55,436	90,849
Total equity and liabilities		63,775,595	61,756,197
Shares in issue as at 31 October 2016	6	23,204,294	
Shares in issue as at 31 October 2015		22,946,020	
Shares in issue as at 31 October 2014		22,946,020	
Net asset value as at 31 October 2016		63,720,159	
Net asset value as at 31 October 2015		61,665,348	
Net asset value as at 31 October 2014		50,152,539	
Net asset value per share as at 31 October 2016	8	2.746	
Net asset value per share as at 31 October 2015		2.687	
Net asset value per share as at 31 October 2014		2 185	

The accounting policies and notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

These financial statements on pages 6 to 20 were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 14

February 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Prof. E. P. Delia Chairman Mr. C. J. Farrugia Director

Financial statements (ctd)

Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the year

	Notes	31.10.2016	31 10.2015
Income		€	€
Bank interest		642	2, 44 5
Dividend income		2,651,193	3,200,461
Other net changes in fair value on financial assets and		, ,	, , ,
financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		1,332,669	10,829,204
Total net income		3,984,504	14,032,110
Expenses			
Fees	9, 10		
- Fund administrator fees		7,749	6,608
- Foreign portfolio management fees		7,000	7,000
- Performance fees		-	36,215
- Custodian fees		3,500	3,500
Transaction costs		6,156	13,282
Drectors' remuneration		5,125	5,125
Legal & professional fees		12,617	11,111
License & listing fees		5,754	5,337
Other costs		1,423	1,500
Total operating expenses		49,324	89,678
Profit before tax		3,935,180	13,942,432
Tax expense	11	(894,361)	(1,064,632)
Profit for the year - total comprehensive income		3,040,819	12,877,800

The accounting policies and notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (ctd)

Statement of Changes in Equity

for the period/year

	Share capital €	Equalisation reserve €	Retained earnings €	Total €
Balance as at 1 November 2014	50,002,422	243,242	(93,125)	50,152,539
Comprehensive income Profit for the year			12,877,800	12,877,800
Transactions with owners Dividend distributions		-	(1,364,991)	(1,364,991)
Balance as at 31 October 2015	50,002,422	243,242	11,419,684	61,665,348
Comprehensive income Profit for the year			3,040,819	3,040,819
Transactions with owners Subscriptions of redeemable shares Dividend distributions	684,154 	9,829	(1,679,991)	693,983 (1,679,991)
Balance as at 31 October 2016	50,686,576	253,071	12,780,512	63,720,159

The accounting policies and notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Financial statements (ctd)

Statement of Cash Flows

for the year ended

	Notes	31.10.2016 €	31 10 2015 €
Cash flows from operating activities			
Dividend income received		3,267,266	2,583,902
Interest received		6,228	62,288
Operating expenses paid		(34,063)	(121,836)
Purchase of investments		(5,758,694)	(5,943,874)
Proceeds from sale of investments		3,000,668	7,436,760
Cash generated from operating activities		481,405	4,017,240
Tax paid		(894,361)	(1,064,632)
Net cash generated from operating activities		(412,956)	2,952,608
Cash flows from financing activities			
Amounts received on subscriptions of redeemable shares		693,983	-
Dividend distributions	12	(1,679,991)	(1,364,991)
Net cash used in from financing activities		(986,008)	(1,364,991)
Net movements in cash and cash equivalents		(1,398,964)	1,587,617
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		2,388,147	800,530
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	14	989,183	2,388,147

The accounting policies and notes on pages 10 to 20 are an integral part of these financial statements.

Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU and the requirements of the Maltese Companies Act, 1995 They have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs as adopted by the EU requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires the directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies (Note 2)

(a) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 November 2015

There are no standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards that are effective for the first time for the financial year beginning 1 November 2015 that would be expected to have a material impact on the Fund.

(b) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 November 2015 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 November 2015, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund

2 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

The Fund's investors are mainly from the Eurozone, with the subscriptions and redemptions of the redeemable shares denominated in Euro. The performance of the Fund is measured and reported to the investors in Euro. The Directors consider the Euro as the currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions. The financial statements are presented in Euro, which is the Fund's functional and presentation currency

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign currency assets and liabilities are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date.

Foreign exchange gains and losses arising from translation are included in the statement of comprehensive income as follows.

- (i) Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash and cash equivalents are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net foreign currency gains on cash and cash equivalents'
- (ii) Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to the financial assets carned at fair value through profit or loss are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other net changes in fair value on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'

Accounting policies (ctd)

3 Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

(a) Classification

The Fund classifies its investments in debt and equity securities, and derivatives, as financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

This category has two sub-categories financial assets or financial liabilities held for trading; and those designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception

(i) Financial assets/liabilities held for trading

A financial asset or financial liability is classified as held for trading if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing in the near term or if on initial recognition is part of a portfolio of identifiable financial investments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit taking. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading. The Fund does not classify any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship

(II) Financial assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception

Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception are financial instruments that are not classified as held for trading but are managed, and their performance is evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy

The Fund's policy requires the Board of Directors to evaluate the information about these financial assets/liabilities on a fair value basis together with other related financial information

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed and determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Loans and receivables consist of loans receivable, accrued income and cash and cash equivalents

(b) Recognition, derecognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the trade date – the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the investment. Financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value Transaction costs are expensed as incurred in the statement of comprehensive income

Financial assets are de-recognised when the right to receive cash flows from the investments expires or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership

Subsequent to initial recognition, all financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value Gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'other net changes in fair value of financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss' in the period in which they arise

Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income within dividend income when the Fund's right to receive payments is established. Other gains and losses, including interest on debt securities at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income in the year in which they arise within 'other net fair value movements on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss'.

(c) Fair value estimation

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded securities) is based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Fund ultilises the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, management will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value

4 Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5 Other receivables and payables

Other receivables and payables represent amounts receivable and payable respectively, for transactions contracted for but not yet delivered by the end of the period

These amounts are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment A provision for impairment of amounts due is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due.

Accounting policies (ctd)

6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks and other short-term investments in an active market with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts, where applicable, are shown in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

7 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, where the effect is material

8 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost, any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Fund has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting penod.

9 Share Capital

The Fund issues redeemable shares, which are redeemable at the holder's option. Certain criteria exist which require puttable financial instruments that meet the definition of a financial liability to be classified as equity. These criteria include, the puttable financial instruments must entitle the holder to a pro-rata share of net assets, the puttable instruments must be the most subordinated class and that class's features must be identical, there must be no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the issuer to repurchase, and the total expected cash flows from the puttable instrument over its life must be based substantially on the profit or loss of the issuer. The Fund's redeemable shares meet the above criteria and accordingly are classified as equity.

Should the redeemable shares' terms or conditions change such that they do not comply with the above mentioned strict criteria, the redeemable shares would be reclassified to a financial liability from the date the instrument ceases to meet the criteria. The financial liability would be measured at the instrument's fair value at the date of reclassification. Any difference between the carrying value of the equity instrument and fair value of the liability on the date of reclassification would be recognised in equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds

Redeemable shares can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash or in specie equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's trading net asset value calculated in accordance with the Fund's regulations

10 Equalisation reserve

The Fund operates an equalisation account to ensure that the amount distributed in respect of each share will be the same for all shares notwithstanding different dates of issue of those shares. Accordingly, a sum equal to that part of the issue/redemption price of a share, which reflects income (if any) accrued up to the date of issue/redemption, will be deemed to be equalisation payment/charge and credited (in the case of share issues)/debited (in the case of share redemptions) by the directors to the equalisation account. Part of the first distribution to holders in respect of which equalisation payments are made, will be paid out of these amounts. Therefore, on distribution, these amounts are transferred to retained earnings. The closing balance of this reserve represents amounts that were not distributed by the year end

However, in the absence of significant fluctuations between the redemption and issue or creation of shares, it is not expected to consider equalisation when determining distributions to shareholders nor to pay to shareholders any excess of equilisation credits over debits. Any fluctuations between redemptions and creations of shares that could have an effect of 1 % or more on the Net Asset Value per share shall be considered significant.

11 Dividend distributions

In the absence of unforeseen circumstances, subject to the availability of distributable profits and in the absence of exceptional market conditions, the directors shall distribute to shareholders all Malta taxed dividend income received by the Fund. The directors may, if they consider it in the best interests of shareholders to also distribute part or all of the Fund's other income after deduction of Dividend distribution to the Fund's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Fund's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Fund's shareholders

12 Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportionate basis using the effective interest method. It includes interest income from cash and cash equivalents

13 Transaction costs

Transaction costs are costs incurred on acquisition/disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit and loss. They include the bid-ask spread, fees and commissions paid to agents, advisers, brokers and dealers. Transaction costs, when incurred, are immediately recognised in the statement of comprehensive income as an expense.

Notes to the financial statements

1. GENERAL

Amalgamated Investments SICAV pl.c ("the Fund") is an open-ended investment company and was incorporated with limited liability in Malta on 5 August 2000. On 1 July 2007, it was re-organised as a Professional Investor Fund targeting Experienced Investors and on 18 November 2013, the Fund was re-licensed as a Professional Investor Fund targeting Qualifying Investors

The Company is licensed by the Malta Financial Services Authority as a Collective Investment Scheme under the Investment Services Act, 1994. The Amalgamated Growth & Income Fund is listed on the Official List of the Malta Stock Exchange.

The investment objective of the Fund is to endeavour to maximise the total return to Investors while minimising risks associated with investment in particular securities, primarily through investment in a portfolio of Maltese listed equity securities as well as securities listed on foreign exchanges issued by entities at the time of investment by the Fund having a market capitalisation in excess of €60.000.000

2. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

In the opinion of the directors, the accounting estimates and judgements made generally in the course of preparing these financial statements, and in particular the accounting policies adopted as disclosed therein, are not difficult, subjective or complex to a degree which would warrant their description as critical in terms of the requirements of IAS 1.

3. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

a) Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

		Fair	% of	Fair	% of
		value	net	value	пет
		31/10/2016	assets	31/10/2015	assets
	Financial assets designated at fair value			30, 20, 202	
	through profit or loss				
	Equity investments	60,371,151	94.74%	57,451,824	93.17%
	Exchange traded funds	458,194	0.72%	846,453	1.37%
	Debt securities	350,780	0.55%	448,869	0.73%
		61,180,125	96.01%	58,747,146	95 27%
	Financial liabilities held for trading				
	Forward exchange contracts	(1,769)	(0.00)%	(46,871)	(0.08)%
	Loans and receivables				
b)	Loans and receivables				
b)	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela	te to			
b)		te to 31/10/2016	% of	31/10/2015	% of
b)			% of net assets	31/10/2015 €	% of net assets
b)		31/10/2016		• • •	
b)	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela	31/10/2016 €	net assets	• • •	net assets
b)	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela	31/10/2016 € 1,600,000	net assets 2.51%	-	net assets
b)	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela Loan receivable Accrued income	31/10/2016 € 1,600,000 3,608	net assets 2.51% 0.01%	€ - 618,808	net assets 0 00% 1 00%
b)	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela Loan receivable Accrued income	31/10/2016 € 1,600,000 3,608 989,183	2.51% 0.01% 1.55%	€ 618,808 2,388,147	net assets 0 00% 1 00% 3 87%
-,	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela Loan receivable Accrued income Cash and cash equivalents	31/10/2016 € 1,600,000 3,608 989,183	2.51% 0.01% 1.55%	€ 618,808 2,388,147	net assets 0 00% 1 00% 3 87%
-,	As at 31 October 2016 and 2015, loans and receivables rela Loan receivable Accrued income Cash and cash equivalents	31/10/2016 € 1,600,000 3,608 989,183	2.51% 0.01% 1.55%	€ 618,808 2,388,147 3,006,955	net assets 0 00% 1 00% 3 87% 4 87%

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

5. ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses 636 606 Other accrued expenses 541,757 41,608 53,667 43,978 6. SHARE CAPITAL a) Authorised share capital 31/10/2016 Shares Shares 40,000,000 shares 40,000,000 40,000,000 b) Issued and fully paid 31/10/2016 Shares Shares Shares in issue at beginning of the year Issue of shares in issue at beginning of the year Issue of shares Shares In issue at each of the year Issue of shares in issue at each of the year Issue		31/10/2016 €	31/10/2015 €
6. SHARE CAPITAL a) Authorised share capital 31/10/2016	Accrued foreign portfolio management fees	636	1,764 606 41,608
a) Authorised share capital 31/10/2016		53,667	43,978
31/10/2016 Shares 31/10/2015 Shares 40,000,000 shares 40,000,000 40,000,000 40,000,000 40,000,00	6. SHARE CAPITAL		
Shares S	a) Authorised share capital		
b) Issued and fully paid 31/10/2016 31/10/2015 Shares Shares in issue at beginning of the year Issue of shares Shares in issue at end of the year Shares in issue at end of the year			31/10/2015 Shares
31/10/2016 31/10/2015 Shares Sh	40,000,000 shares	40,000,000	40,000,000
Shares Shares Shares Shares Shares Shares Shares Shares Shares 22,946,020 22,946,020 Issue of shares 258,274	b) Issued and fully paid		
Issue of shares 258,274			31/10/2015 Shares
Shares in issue at end of the year 23,204.294 22,946,020	Issue of shares		22,946,02 0
	Shares in issue at end of the year	23,204,294	22,946,020

258,274 redeemable shares were subscribed during the year under review whereas no issue or redemption of shares occured during the year ending 31 October 2015.

The Fund's capital is represented by the redeemable shares with no par value and with each carrying one vote. They are entitled to dividends and to payment of a proportionate share based on the Fund's net asset value per share on the redemption date. The directors may mandatorily redeem all outstanding shares where the Net Asset Value of the shares in the Fund falls below 66,988,120 (or its equivalent). The relevant movements are shown in the statement of changes in equity under transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity. In accordance with the objective outlined in Note 1 and the risk management policies in Note 15, the Fund endeavours to invest the subscriptions received in appropriate investments. The Fund typically will, and in any event may, at all times in its sole discretion, satisfy any redemption instructions by the transfer to that shareholder of assets of the Fund in specie, other than in respect of the investors at launch (see 15 (A [b])). As at the date at which these financial statements are rendered, the Fund has the option to redeem shares in specie in respect of 99 15% of the total redeemable shares in issue.

The Fund's issued share capital as at 31 October 2016 amounted to €50,686,576 (2015 €50,002,422) with 23,204,294 shares in issue as shown above (2015 22,946,020 shares)

7. EQUALISATION RESERVE

	31/10/2016	31/10/2015
At beginning of the year Equalisation created upon issue of shares (Note 6)	243,242 9,829	243,242
Balance at end of year	253,071	243,242

The equalisation reserve is a distributable reserve

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

8. NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE

The consideration received or paid for shares issued or re-purchased respectively is based on the value of the Fund's net asset value per redeemable share at the date of the transaction.

9. FEES

a) Fund administrator fees

Under the terms of an agreement dated 10 October 2013, the Fund appointed Valletta Fund Services Ltd as Fund Administrator The Fund Administrator is entitled to receive, from the Fund a fee of 0 0125% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund subject to a minimum of €6,250 per annum

b) Foreign portfolio management fees

On 20 April 2011, Charles J Farrugia was appointed Head Investment Manager with the responsibility of undertaking the day-to-day investment management of certain assets forming part of the foreign portfolio (the "Designated Investment Portfolio") as may be stipulated from time to time at the discretion of the Fund acting through the Investment Committee The agreement provides for a fixed management fee payable to the Head Investment Manager and a performance fee payable to the Head Investment Manager provided certain pre-established investment performance targets are achieved The management fee is €7,000 (2015 €7,000) per annum. No performance fees were incurred during the year under review (2015 €80,390). There were no outstanding performance fees as at year end (2015 NIL)

c) Custodian fees

The Custodian, Bank of Valletta p.l.c., receives, for safekeeping of the foreign portfolio assets of the Fund and other services, a custody fee of 0 04% on market value of foreign investments, with a minimum of €3,500 per annum (2015: €3,500).

d) Investment advisory fees

Investment advisory fees are incurred under arrangements whereby the Investment Committee may seek advice from reputable organisations in respect of the Fund's investments

e) Auditor's fees

Fees charged by the auditor for services rendered (excluding VAT) during the financial year relate to:

	31.10.2010	31 10.2015
	€	€
Annual statutory audit	4,000	4,000
Tax compliance services	1,040	1,040
	5,040	5,040

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

10. AGREEMENTS

- a) Under the terms of an agreement dated 10 October 2013, the Fund, appointed Valletta Fund Services Limited as Fund Administrator with effect from 1 November 2013
- b) On 20 April 2011, Charles J Farrugia was appointed Head Investment Manager with the responsibility of undertaking the day-to-day investment management of certain assets forming part of the foreign portfolio (the "Designated Investment Portfolio") as may be stipulated from time to time at the discretion of the Fund acting through the Investment Committee The agreement provides for a fixed management fee payable to the Head Investment Manager and a performance fee payable to the Head Investment Manager provided certain pre-established investment performance targets are achieved.
- c) During the period under review Amalgamated Investments SICAV p.l c. (AIS) issued a promissory note amounting to €1,600,000 to Mercury p.l.c. repayable on demand upon receipt of two days notice from Amalgamated Investments SICAV p.l c., subject to terms stated in an agreement dated 25 July 2016. The promissory note is unsecured and is subject to interest at a rate of 0.50% per annum. Furthermore, through the promissory note, AIS reserves the right to reject a request for redemption of shares in the subfund by Mercury p.l.c. in the event that such redemption would cause the value of Mercury p.l.c is shareholding in the sub-fund to be worth less than twice the value of the amount outstanding.

11, TAX EXPENSE

The tax regime for collective investment schemes is based on the classification of funds into prescribed or non-prescribed funds in terms of the conditions set out in the Collective Investment Schemes (Investment Income) Regulations, 2001 (as amended) In general, a prescribed fund is defined as a resident fund, which has declared that the value of its assets situated in Malta amount to at least 85% of the value of the total assets of the fund.

On the basis that the Amalgamated Growth & Income Fund is currently classified as a prescribed fund for income tax purposes, it is subject to Maltese tax on its investment income as defined in the Income Tax Act at a rate of 10% or 15% depending on the nature of the income Taxed dividends received from Maltese-resident companies may be subject to tax at source at the applicable rates of up to 35%. In the case of the Fund's foreign investments, capital gains, dividends, interest and other gains or profits may be subject to tax imposed by the foreign country concerned and such taxes may not be recoverable by the Fund or by its unit holders.

Distributions of profits allocated to the Maitese Taxed Account should not be subject to further tax in the hands of the shareholders, whilst distributions from other sources of income or from the Equalisation Reserve may be subject to a 15% final withholding tax in certain circumstances. No tax on capital gains should be incurred by investors upon the disposal of units in such a fund

12. DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTIONS

Net dividends paid in 2016 and 2015 amounted in total to €1,679,991 (€0 0724 per share) and €1,364,991 (€0 0595 per share) respectively and are presented as transactions with owners, recorded directly in equity within the statement of changes in equity.

The net dividends paid in 2016 comprise a net interim dividend of €500,000 (€0.0218 per share) which was paid on 31 December 2015, €730,000 (€0.0315 per share) which was paid on 6 June 2016 and a further net interim dividend of €450,000 (€0.0194 per share) was paid on 22 September 2016

The net dividends paid in 2015 comprise a net interim dividend of $\$ 525,000 ($\$ 0.0229 per share) which was paid on 02 January 2015, $\$ 530,000 ($\$ 0.0231 per share) which was paid on 27 July 2015 and a further net interim dividend of $\$ 309,991 ($\$ 0.0135 per share) was paid on 20 September 2015

13. RELATED PARTIES

The immediate and ultimate parent company of AIS is Mercury $p \mid c$. Two of the directors of Mercury $p \mid c$ are also appointed on the Board of Directors of AIS. Furthermore, another director of Mercury $p \mid c$ holds the office of Company Secretary of AIS. Mercury $p \mid c$ is a public company incorporated in Malta with its registered address at Aragon House - Business Centre, Dragonara Road, St Julians, Malta.

During the period under review Amalgamated Investments SICAV p l.c. issued a promissory note amounting to €1,600,000 to Mercury p l.c. (Note 10)

The remuneration paid to directors amounted to €5,125 (2015 €5,125) There were no other payments to key management personnel as defined in IAS 24

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

14, CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the year end cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances held at call as follows.

	2016 €	2015 €
Bank balances - Euro denominated Bank balances - other	372,493 616,690	2,246,281 141,866
	989,183	2,388,147
Deposits held with banks that earn interest at floating rates	989,183	2,388,147

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A Risk management

The Fund's activities potentially expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk). The Fund's overall risk management strategy focuses on minimising potential adverse effects on the Fund's financial performance. The Fund made use of a forward exchange contract to hedge currency risk exposure during the current financial year.

(a) Credit Risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation

Credit risk is managed through investment limits in any particular security falling within the parameters established in the Offering Memorandum and through ensuring that the issuer or counterparty is a reputable and creditworthy institution

The main concentration to which the Fund is exposed arises from the Fund's investments in debt securities. The Fund is also exposed to counterparty credit risk on derivative financial instruments, cash and cash equivalents, and other receivable balances.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at 31 October 2016 and 31 October 2015 is the carrying amount of the financial assets as set out below

	2016	2015
	€	€
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - debt securities	350,780	448,869
Loan receivable (Note 10)	600,000	
Accrued income	3,608	618,808
Cash & cash equivalents	989,183	2,388,147
2_r	943,571	3,455,824

The following table provides information regarding the Fund's aggregated credit risk exposure in relation to debt securities. The credit rating analysis below takes into account the rating of the respective financial asset and is categorised by external credit rating agencies.

2016	2015
€	€
Debt securities by rating category 350,780	448,869
A 100%	100%
The matunty of the debt securities are as follows	
1 to 5 years 350,780	448,869

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

A Risk management (continued)

As at the reporting date, the Fund was also exposed to credit risk on forward exchange contracts. As at 31 October 2016, the Fund had one (2015. one) open transaction in forward exchange contracts. This consisted of a purchase of \in 1,500,000 (2015. \in 1,500,000) against USD with maturity date 30 January 2017 (2015: 29 January 2016). As at 31 October 2016, the forward exchange contract had a negative fair value of \in 1,769 (2015: negative value of \in 46,871) and the Fund had a collateral amounting to \in 136,080 (2015: \in 130,870) in relation to the forward exchange contract.

All bank balances and forward exchange contracts are held and transacted with quality financial institutions

At the reporting date, none of these assets are impaired or past due but not impaired

(b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Fund is exposed to cash redemptions of shares, albeit that it has the right to, and will typically, effect all redemptions in specie whether or not the investment was originally made in cash or in specie. Redemptions are processed on the Fund's dealing day, which is the last buisness day in the month of October or, in the case of redemption requests during the year, the first Wednesday immediately following the date of receipt of the redemption request. 91.75% of the Fund's net assets are securities listed on the Malta Stock Exchange. The market in such securities may be illiquid in view of the fact that the trading volumes on the Malta Stock Exchange, which is a relatively new market when compared to more established markets, are limited. The Fund has the ability to borrow to meet short term liquidity requirements. Additionally, the Fund has the option to redeem shares in specie in respect of 99.15% of the total redeemable shares in issue as at the date at which

Redeemable shares are redeemable on demand at the holders' option. However, the directors do not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed above will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term. All other liabilities are payable within one year.

(c) Market Risk

(I) Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates

Currency fluctuations between the functional currency of the Fund and the currency of the underlying investments of the Fund, may adversely affect the value of the investments and the income derived therefrom.

The currency exposure of the Amalgamated Growth & Income Fund is managed by ensuring that foreign investments are made primarily in major currencies. In any event, the Fund primarily holds assets denominated in its functional currency with a relatively low percentage of assets denominated in foreign currencies, amounting to 3 02% of the net asset value of the Fund (31 October 2015, 3.04%)

Furthermore, foreign exchange fluctuations are partially hedged through forward exchange contracts (note 15A).

The Fund is not significantly exposed to currency risk, and accordingly a sensitivity analysis for foreign exchange risk disclosing how net assets attributable to shareholders would have been affected by changes in foreign exchange rates that were reasonably possible at the reporting date is not deemed necessary

(II) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Assets issued at variable rates expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk. Assets issued at fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk.

The Fund holds a fixed interest security that expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk as at 31 October 2016 amounting to 2.51% of the net asset value (2015 NIL) On the other hand, the Fund holds a limited amount of floating rate debt and cash and cash equivalents that expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk amounting to 2.10% of the net assets of the Fund (2015: 4.60%) The majority of the Fund's financial assets are non-interest bearing. As a result, the Fund is not subject to significant amounts of risks due to fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates

Based on the above, the potential impact on profit or loss of a defined interest rate shift that is reasonably possible at the reporting date is not considered to be material.

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

A Risk management (continued)

(III) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instruments or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As the majority of the Fund's financial instruments are carried at fair value with fair value changes recognised in profit or loss, all changes in market conditions will directly affect the profit or loss.

Given the predominance of local listed equities in the Fund's portfolio, an increase or decrease in the MSE equity index, with all other variables held constant, would result in an increase or decrease in the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares. To illustrate this sensitivity, if the MSE equity index, with all other variables held constant, increases or decreases by 7% (2015: 5%), the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable shares would increase or decrease by circa €421,384 (2015: €2,774,660). This sensitivity is based on a simplistic scenario and in practice, effects may not be linear. Furthermore, it does not allow for future investment decisions that may be taken to take advantage or mitigate these effects, nor do they take into account wider macro-economic factors.

Investments that can be made on the Malta Stock Exchange are limited and this may lead to concentration of risk by having an exposure to a particular security or industry sector, which is higher than that normally associated with a diversified portfolio. The risk is managed through ensuring that the issuer or counterparty is a reputable and creditworthy institution At 31 October 2016, 63% (2015–63%) of the Amalgamated Growth and Income Fund's total assets were held in two equity instruments.

Furthermore, the Fund's performance is also influenced by the level of dividends receivable from its underlying equity securities. Consequently, any significant downturn in the dividend policy adopted by the underlying investments will accordingly impact the Fund's performance by reducing the amount of distributable profits available to be paid to shareholders.

B Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows

Level 1 quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3. Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Assets	Level 1 €	Level 2 €	Level 3 €	Total €
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Liabilities	61,180,125	•	-	61,180,125
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	•	(1,769)	-	(1,769)
	61,180,125	(1,769)		61,178,356
	2015			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets	€	€	€	€
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	58,747,146	-	_	58,747,146
Liabilities				-2,,210
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(46,871)		(46,871)
	58,747,146	(46,871)		58,700,275

Notes to the financial statements (ctd)

15. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

B Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, include active listed equities, debt securities and exchange traded funds. The Fund does not adjust the quoted price for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. These include over-the-counter derivatives

As at 31 October 2016 and 31 October 2015, the carrying amounts of the Fund's other financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements are reasonable estimates of fair value in view of the nature of these instruments or the relatively short period of time between the origination of the instrument and their expected realisation.

C Capital risk management

The capital of the Fund is represented by the net assets attributable to equity holders of the Fund. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for equity holders of the Fund and maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund

The Board of Directors monitor capital on the basis of the value of net assets attributable to equity holders of the Fund.

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